

Newly Recognized Neurologic Features of West Nile Virus Infection—Louisiana, 2002

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West Nile Virus (WNV)

- Before 1996
 - Outbreaks infrequent
 - Mild febrile illness
 - Central nervous system (CNS) involvement rarely reported
- Since 1996
 - Outbreaks more frequent
 - More CNS illness, higher case fatality rates

Clinical Features of WNV-Associated CNS Illness

- Previous studies have limitations
 - Methodology of retrospective chart review
 - Lack of standardized assessment
- Few descriptions of long-term effects
- Better recognition could improve surveillance capability, patient care

Objectives of Case Series

- Describe features of CNS illness
- Assess initial levels of neurologic impairment for future comparison

Methods

- Collect standardized data
 - Prospective data collection
 - Single detailed instrument
 - Limited number of trained observers
- Conduct serial assessments
 - Initial functioning (<48 hrs)
 - Short-term outcome (7–10 days later)
 - Long-term effects (4, 8, and 12 months)

Case-Patient Selection

- Aug 1 – Sep 2, 2002
 - From 7 hospitals serving St. Tammany, LA
 - Patients with suspect WNV infection reported to the LA Office of Public Health
- 16 confirmed with WNV infection
 - WNV RNA in acute CSF or serum, or
 - WNV-specific IgM antibodies in CSF, or
 - WNV-specific IgM antibodies in paired sera

Illness Classification

- West Nile meningitis (WNM) meningeal inflammation
- West Nile encephalitis (WNE) mental status changes
- Acute flaccid paralysis (AFP) sudden weakness of arms/legs

Age Distribution

CNS Involvement	n	Median Age (Range)
WNM	5	36 yrs (20–39)
WNE	8	69 yrs (46–81)
AFP	3	56 yrs (46–69)

Tremor (15/16)

- Upper extremities, asymmetric
- Postural and kinetic
- Occasionally interfered with activities such as grooming or eating

Myoclonus (10/16)

- Uncontrolled muscle contractions
- Upper body (eg, facial twitching)
- Often more prominent at night

Parkinsonian Features (11/16)

- Included cogwheel rigidity, bradykinesia, and postural instability
- No resting tremor

Acute Flaccid Paralysis (3/16)

- Focal weakness of arms/legs
 - Rapid onset
 - Asymmetric
 - Loss of reflexes
 - No pain or sensory changes
- Elevation of CSF protein and WBC count

WNM and WNE Outcomes

- One WNE patient remained on ventilator for 4 months, then died
- Other 12 WNM and WNE patients at home
 - Moderate difficulty resuming previous activity level due to fatigue, headaches, inability to concentrate
 - Pregnant patient delivered healthy baby

AFP Outcomes

- All 3 AFP patients initially discharged to long-term care facility for rehabilitation
 - Have since returned home
- Unable to return to work as of Mar 2003
 - Continued paralysis

Discussion—WNV and Movement Disorders

- Tremor, myoclonus, and parkinsonian features prominent, even in WNM patients
- Not discussed in contemporary literature
 - Related Japanese encephalitis associated with parkinsonian features
- Neuroimaging and pathology
 - Propensity of WNV for movement centers?

Discussion—WNV and AFP

- Previously attributed to Guillain-Barré
 - Also mistaken for stroke, myopathy
 - Despite clinical features and CSF WBC
- Treatment and diagnostic modalities included IVIG, heparin, muscle biopsies
- Electrodiagnostics
 - Spinal anterior horn cells (a poliomyelitis)

Limitations

- Selection bias
 - Hospitalized patients had more severe illness
- Generalizability
 - Limited numbers
 - One geographic area during one epidemic

Summary

- High prevalence of movement disorders
- Description of WNV-associated AFP
- Study of long-term outcomes and effects on quality of life still under way, but suggests lingering difficulties

Recommendations

- Surveillance for WNM, WNE, and AFP as distinct entities
- Better clinical recognition of WNV-associated AFP
 - Could prevent unnecessary, potentially harmful, therapies
 - Would facilitate public health surveillance of this emerging clinical syndrome

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